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| ARTICLES | |
| The who, why and what of enforceable undertakings accepted by the Austral Securities and Investments Commission – Helen Bird, George Gilligan and Ian Ram | lian 1say |
| This article examines the deployment of enforceable undertakings by the Austra Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC). Enforceable undertakings are for settlement agreements between a regulator and regulated parties to resolve issues non-compliance with laws administered by the regulator. This article analyses circumstances and context under which 414 enforceable undertakings were accepted ASIC from 1 July 1998 until 31 December 2015 (17.5 years). It addresses the fundamental questions: who are the regulated parties that gave enforceable undertaking why did they give them; and what fundamental promises or obligations did to agreements contain? The study shows that ASIC utilises enforceable undertakings remove law-breaking individuals from an industry and to promote legal and regular compliance on a systemic basis within individual firms and more broadly, especi within the financial planning and wealth management sector. | mal s of the I by hree ngs; heir s to tory ally |
| Safe harbour or shipwreck? A critical analysis of the proposed safe harbour insolvent trading – Carmen Boothman | for |
| It is often said that Australia lacks a restructuring culture. A key component of thi argued to be the current duty to prevent insolvent trading that incentivises directors place companies into external administration prematurely, eroding enterprise value damaging the prospects of a successful restructure. This argument is prefaced on existence of some inherent fear of liability for insolvent trading on the part of director proposition that is plainly unsupported by the available empirical evidence. This art will consider the veracity of the claims that such a fear not only exists, but is also impetus for early entry into external administration. It will then consider whether the harbour proposals set forth by the Australian Government, informed by the findings of Productivity Commission, are capable of achieving their stated aims of preserventerprise value and fostering the taking of appropriate business risk by directors | s to and the rs; a ticle the safe the ving |
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