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The Future of Clearing and Settlement in Australia: Part II – Distributed Ledge Technology – Christian Chamorro-Courtland	r
Part I of this article analysed the legal and regulatory issues that exist in Australia's currer clearing and settlement infrastructure for shares. Part II of this article looks to the futur and analyses the new system (CHESS 2.0) that the Australian Stock Exchange (ASX proposes to introduce. CHESS 2.0 will use distributed ledger technology to process trades. This article will examine the mechanics for the clearing and settlement of shares in CHESS 2.0 and some of the new features that the ASX proposes to introduce. It analyses the legal and regulatory framework in Australia and considers whether CHESS 2.0 will be able to operate under the existing legal regime. It also examines how the new system will affect the rights of investors and provides recommendations for strengthening their rights. Moreover, it recommends that the ASX should implement a system of crypto-securities in the future.	e)
The State of Executive Remuneration Disclosure in Australia – Felicity Maher, Warric van Zyl and Marvin Wee	k
This article examines the state of corporate executive remuneration disclosure in Australia The article reviews the executive remuneration literature to determine areas of interest an concern to shareholders, and distils a checklist that reflects the disclosure items that address these areas. The article then compares this checklist with, first, the current disclosur requirements in Australia and, second, the disclosure given in a sample of Australia listed company annual reports. The review identifies significant gaps, particularly in the disclosure of overall remuneration philosophy and the links between remuneration an strategy. The article concludes by making suggestions for regulatory reform to remed these gaps.	d s e n e d
The Future of the Statutory Business Judgment Rule: Balancing Accountability and Protection – Nicholas Todd	i
The statutory business judgment rule has little to show for 21 years in existence. The rule's ability to exculpate a director from liability where that director has breached the statutory duty of care but acted in good faith and for the benefit of the company remain uncertain. This is significant amidst a current climate of increased accountability stemmin from increasingly high accountability standards expected of directors and officers. Suc standards manifest in reform proposals that expand the duty of care, ASIC's renewe appetite for duty of care enforcement and the recent expanded application of the duty	e s g h

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business judgment rule. This article considers 21 years of the statutory business judgment rule and existing reform proposals to present a new reform that is appropriate in the climate	
Commission v King (2020). These factors create a renewed impetus to reform the statutory	
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CORRECTION

Please note that in "The Future of Clearing and Settlement in Australia: Part I – The Current System" by Christian Chamorro-Courtland in the previous issue of C&SLJ, Vol 38 No 6, the headings for Diagrams 8 and 9 were incorrectly given as "Issuer Sponsored Subregister.". The headings should have read:

DIAGRAM 8. The Individual Model: The structure of the CHESS Subregister and Issuer Sponsored Subregister where the Broker is an Agent.

DIAGRAM 9. The Omnibus Model: The structure of the CHESS Subregister and Issuer Sponsored Subregister where the Broker is a Trustee.

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